

**BLACKLINE MASTER 3A - Test Questions (Answers in Teacher Guide)  
20<sup>th</sup> Century Turning Points in U.S. History - Program Three 1919 - 1928**

1. Temperance and prohibition grew out of:
  - a. Women's rights groups in the 19th century
  - b. Lobbyists for the Coffee Industry
  - c. NAACP
  - d. None of these
  
2. Which act enforced Prohibition?
  - a. The Clayton Antitrust Act
  - b. The Fields Act
  - c. The Volstead Act
  - d. The Patriot Act
  
3. The call for the right to vote was first drafted by Susan B. Anthony in 1848 at the Seneca Falls Convention.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
4. After gaining the right to vote, later generations of women demanded equality in
  - a. Education
  - b. Jobs
  - c. Athletics
  - d. All of these
  
5. 1923--The Teapot Dome Oil Scandal
  1. The Teapot Dome Scandal was an expose of the Boston Tea Party.
    - a. True
    - b. False
  
6. Warren G. Harding's administration became involved in scandal
  - a. When Secretary of the Interior Albert B. Fall arranged for the lease of federally owned oil fields to private developers
  - b. When Vice President Calvin Coolidge spilled tea on the visiting King of England
  - c. When Secretary of the Interior Albert B. Fall opened Alaska's national parks to oil drilling
  - d. When Teapot Dome in Wyoming collapsed under the weight of its oil reserves.
  
7. The FBI was formed because
  - a. The President had a public enemies list he wanted investigated
  - b. In the 1920's a wave of lawlessness swept the country and the nation needed an agency better equipped to deal with it
  - c. The 1919 Chicago Black Sox Scandal in Baseball
  - d. All of the above

8. Hoover sought publicity for the FBI and made it into the nation's premier law enforcement agency by going after

- a. Al Capone
- b. John Dillinger
- c. Pretty Boy Floyd
- d. Baby Face Nelson
- e. All of these

9. The Scopes Trial put

- a. Teaching evolution on trial
- b. Put teaching Creationism on trial
- c. The Catholic Church on trial
- d. None of these

10. The Scopes Trial, or the 'Celebrated Monkey Trial,' brought onto the national stage for the first time a battle between science and Christianity.

- a. True
- b. False

11. Dr. Robert Goddard developed

- a. The airplane
- b. Fusion reactors
- c. The modern rocket
- d. The Hubble telescope

12. The first missile was launched in

- a. 1926
- b. 1945
- c. 1954
- d. 1898

13. In the 19th century America's interconnectedness increased with

- a. Railroads
- b. Telegraph
- c. Telephone.
- d. All of these

14. David Sarnoff was responsible for turning radio into a universal household appliance.

- a. True
- b. False

15. Charles Lindbergh became America's first instantaneous media celebrity after he flew solo

- a. Across the Pacific Ocean
- b. Across the North American Continent
- c. To the moon
- d. Across the Atlantic Ocean

16. Match these famous Americans with famous firsts:

- |                              |  |
|------------------------------|--|
| Chuck Yeager                 | a. Circled the globe non-stop                  |
| Dick Rutan and Jeanna Yeager | b. Broke the sound barrier                     |
| Neil Armstrong               | c. First Woman to fly solo across the Atlantic |
| Amelia Earhart               | d. The first human to walk on the moon         |